# ARTICLE 714.

#### PD 714.

# West Commerce Street/Fort Worth Avenue Special Purpose District

## SEC. 51P-714.101. LEGISLATIVE HISTORY.

PD 714 was established by Ordinance No. 25898, passed by the Dallas City Council on February 23, 2005. (Ord. 25898)

#### SEC. 51P-714.102. PROPERTY LOCATION AND SIZE.

PD 714 is established on property located north and south of West Commerce Street and Fort Worth Avenue from North Beckley Avenue to Westmoreland Road. The size of PD 714 is approximately 244.3 acres. (Ord. Nos. 25898; 26876)

#### SEC. 51P-714.103. CREATION OF SUBDISTRICTS.

- (a) This district is divided into the following subdistricts:
- Subdistrict 1. This subdistrict is for medium density mixed-use development that respects existing businesses but gives incentive for new mid-rise commercial and residential development. Development should support West Commerce Street as the gateway from downtown into the area, and strengthen the Sylvan Avenue-Fort Worth Avenue intersection as a retail anchor. New development should support future light rail along the northern edge of the subdistrict. Preserving historic buildings through adaptive re-use is a priority. This subdistrict will be the most densely developed urban subdistrict due to its proximity to the Trinity River and downtown. The mix of uses should lean more to commercial, although residential development is essential to the success of the mixed uses. Buildings should front the street with broad sidewalks. Street trees should line the street edge. On-street parking should be parallel parking along West Commerce Street and Fort Worth Avenue. Off-street parking should be provided behind buildings or in parking structures and shared between adjacent lots. This subdistrict should have an overall urban feel, but still provide pedestrian amenities. Subdistricts 1A and 1B have maximum building heights and maximum stories that reflect the rising topography and protect the downtown view. Buildings should have minimum or no setbacks, with commercial and retail uses at the ground level and office and residential above. Pedestrian protections from traffic, such as street trees, planten, and crosswalks, are desired.
- (2) Subdistrict.2. Subdistrict 2 is a mixed-use subdistrict that consists predominately of residential uses, but with some small retail and office uses. Because residential neighborhoods are adjacent to the subdistrict, it should be more serene than other subdistricts. New development should strengthen the existing residential neighborhoods and help to create a pedestrian-friendly environment. North Edgefield Avenue should connect the north and the south neighborhoods. Pedestrian protections from traffic, such as on-street parking, street trees, and parkways, are desired. Buildings should have minimum or no sethacks. Building heights are controlled separately in Subdistricts 2A and 2B to optimize medium density residential development, preserve downtown views, and be sensitive to the existing single-family neighborhood to the north. Preserving historic buildings through adaptive re-use is a priority.

- (3) Subdistrict 3. Subdistrict 3 is a mixed-use subdistrict primarily developed with commercial and retail uses, but with some residential uses. Retail and commercial areas should be strengthened with more varied uses. New development should include residential uses and vertical stacking of uses for more efficient land use resulting in activity throughout the day and night. Buildings should have minimum or no serbacks. Off-attreet parking should be provided behind buildings and shared between neighboring lots. Use of traffic calming elements such as median plantings, on-street parking, street trees, broad sidewalks, and low-to-mid-rise buildings is desirable. Development should strive to create a village center accessible by pedestrians, bicyclos, mass transit, and cars. Land uses are controlled separately in Subdistricts 3A and 3B to be sensitive to residential neighborhoods.
- (4) Subdistrict 4. Subdistrict 4 is a mixed-use subdistrict dominated by multifamily uses. While commercial and retail uses are encouraged at street level, maintenance of the residential density is desired. Pedestrian protections from traffic, such as broad sidewalks, street trees, and crosswalks, are desired. New construction should be oriented to address the street front. Existing slip roads providing on-street parking and pedestrian amenities should be preserved. Building height, land use, and senhacks are controlled separately in Subdistricts 4A and 4B to meourage mixed use, townhouse, and senior independent living development. Subdistricts 4A and 4B are part of Subdistrict 4. Subdistrict 4 regulations apply in Subdistricts 4A and 4B unless otherwise indicated.
- (5) Subdistrict 5. Subdistrict 5 is a mixed-use district balanced with residential, commercial, and retail uses. New development should include vertical stacking of different uses to achieve more efficient land use and activity throughout the day and night. New development should also include a medium density residential component to strengthen surrounding residential neighborhoods and ensure the success of commercial and retail development. Building heights and uses are controlled to be sensitive to residential neighborhoods. New development should strengthen podestrian connections on Fort Worth Avenue. Buildings should have minimum or no setbacks, with commercial and retail uses at the ground level and office and residential uses above. Off-street parking should be provided behind buildings and shared between neighboring lots. Pedestrian protections from traffic, such as broad sidewalks, street trees, planters, and crosswalks, are a priority.
- (b) Exhibit 714A is a map showing the boundaries of this district and its subdistricts. Exhibit 714B is a verbal description of the boundaries of this district and its subdistricts. In the event of a conflict between the graphic depiction in Exhibit 714A and the verbal description in Exhibit 714B, the verbal description in Exhibit 714B controls.
  - (c) This district is considered to be a mixed-use zoning district. (Ord. Nos. 25898: 26876)

## SEC. 51P-714.104. DEFINITIONS.

Unless otherwise stated, the definitions in Chapter 51A apply to this article. In this district:

- BINGO PARLOR means a facility licensed for the conducting of bingo pursuant to Texas Occupation Code Chapter 2001, as amended.
- (2) DISTRICT means the entire planned development district (the West Commerce Street/Fort Worth Avenue Special Purpose District) created by this article.
  - (3) FRONT FACADE means the primary building elevation facing the front yard.
- (4) FULLY SIGHT-OBSCURING FENCE means a fence that provides complete visual separation. Fully sight-obscuring fences must be six feet high and 100 percent sight-obscuring. Fences must be communited of one or more of the following: brick, concrete masonry (split or polished)

face only; no unfinished units or cinder block), stone, stucco, or wood. Landscaping with a minimum beight of three feet must be provided on the street side of the fence. Landscaping must consist of hedge-like evergreen plant materials recommended for local area use by the building official. Landscaping must be located in a bed that is at least three feet wide with a minimum soil depth of 24 inches. Initial plantings must be capable of obtaining a solid appearance within three years. Plants must be placed 24 inches on center over the entire length of the bed unless a landscape architect recommends an alternative planting density that the building official determines is capable of providing a solid appearance within three years.

- (5) HIGH SCREEN means a landscape treatment that provides physical and visual separation between uses. Shrubs must form a six-foot-high screen that is 95 percent opaque year-round within three years of planting. Landscaping must consist of hedge-like evergreen plant materials recommended for local area use by the building official. Landscaping must be located in a bed that is at least three feet wide with a minimum soil depth of 24 inches. Plants must be placed 24 inches on corner over the entire length of the bed unless a landscape architect recommends an alternative planting density that the building official determines is capable of providing a solid appearance within three years. Ground cover plants must cover the remainder of the landscaped area. If a wall or fence is also provided, it must be on the interior side of the high screen.
- (6) LOW SCREEN means a landscape treatment that provides physical separation between uses. Shrubs must form a three-foot-high screen that is 95 percent opaque year-round within three years of planting. Landscaping must consist of hedge-like evergreen plant materials recommended for local area use by the building official. Landscaping must be located in a bed that is at least three feet wide with a minimum soil depth of 24 inches. Plants must be placed 24 inches on center over the entire length of the bed unless a landscape architect recommends an alternative planting density that the building official determines is capable of providing a solid appearance within three years. Ground cover plants must cover the remainder of the landscaped area. A three-foot-high masonry wall may be substituted, but ground cover plants are still required. A been may be substituted. The berm must be planted with turf grass or groundcover recommended for local area use by the building official. The berm may not have a slope that exceeds one foot of beight per three feet of width. If a wall or fance is provided in addition to shrubs or a berm, it must be on the interior side of the shrubs or berm.
- (7) MAJOR MODIFICATION means reconstruction, alteration, or renovation of an original building that exceeds 50 percent of the value of the original building assessed by the Dallas Central Appraisal District or any increase in floor area of an original building by 50 percent or more. With regard to streets and sidewalks, MAJOR MODIFICATION means reconstruction, alteration, or renovation that exceeds 50 percent of the surface area of that street or sidewalk segment.
- (8) MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENT meam any building, nom, place, or establishment, other than a regularly licensed hospital, where manipulated massage or manipulated exercises are practiced upon the human body by anyone not a duly licensed physician or chiropractor whether with or without the use of mechanical, therapeutic, or bathing devices, and includes Turkish buthboures. This term does not include duly licensed beauty parlors or barbershops or a place wherein registered physical therapists treat only patients recommended by a licensed physician and operated only under the physician's direction. MASSAGE means any process consisting of kneading, rubbing, or otherwise manipulating the skin of the body of a human being, either with the hand or by means of electrical instruments or apparatus, or other special apparatus, but does not include massage by duly licensed physicians and chiropractors, massage by registered physical therapists who treat only patients recommended by a licensed physician and who operate only under the physician's direction, or massage of the face practiced by beauty parlors or hurbershops duly licensed under the penal code of the state.
- (9) MEXED-USE PROJECT means a development containing uses in two or more of the following categories, and with the combined floor areas of the uses in each category equaling or exceeding the following percentages of the total floor area of the project:

Line category	Precentage of total floor acea 10% 15%		
Lodging			
Office			
Residential	10%		
Retail and personal service	5%		

- (10) NEW CONSTRUCTION means construction of a main structure that did not exist on the date of the establishment of this special purpose district. With regard to streets and sidewalks, NEW CONSTRUCTION means construction of a street or sidewalk that did not exist on the date of the establishment of this special purpose district.
- (11) ORIGINAL BUILDING means a structure existing on the date of the establishment of this special purpose district, but does not include a structure that has undergone a major modification.
- visual separation. Partially sight-obscuring fences must be six feet high and at least 50 percent sightobscuring. Fences must be constructed of one or more of the following: brick, concrete masonry (split or
  polished face only; no unfinished units or cinder block), stone, stucco, wood, or wrought iron.
  Landscaping with a minimum height of three foet must be provided on the street side of the fence.
  Landscaping must consist of hedge-like evergreen plant materials recommended for local area use by the
  building official. Landscaping must be located in a bed that is at least three feet wide with a minimum soil
  depth of 24 inches. Initial plantings must be capable of obtaining a solid appearance within three years.
  Plants must be placed 24 inches on center over the entire length of the bed unless a landscape architect
  recommends an alternative planting density that the building official determines is capable of providing a
  solid appearance within three years.
- (13) PIERCING SALON means a facility in which body piercing is performed. BODY PIERCING means the creation of an opening in an individual's body, other than in an individual's earlobe, to insert jewelry or another decoration.
- (14) SUBDISTRICT means one of the subdistricts referred to in Section 51P-714.103 of this article.
- (15) TATTOO STUDIO means an establishment in which tattooing is performed. TATTOOING means the practice of producing an indelible mark or figure on the human body by scarring or inserting a pigment under the skin using needles, scalpels, or other related equipment.
- (16) VISIBILITY TRIANGLE means the portion of a corner lot within a triangular area formed by connecting together the point of intersection of adjacent street curb lines (or, if there are no street curbs, what would be the normal street curb lines) and points on each of the street curb lines 30 feet from the intersection. VISIBILITY TRIANGLE means the portion of a lot within a triangular area formed by connecting together the point of intersection of the edge of a driveway or alley and an adjacent street curb line (or, if there is no street curb, what would be the normal street curb line) and points on driveway or alley edge and the street curb line 20 feet from the intersection.
- (17) WRECKER SERVICE means a facility for the parking or storage of vehicle tow tracks. (Ord. 25898)

# SEC, 51P-714.105. INTERPRETATIONS.

(a) Unless otherwise stated, all references to articles, divisions, or sections in this article are references to articles, divisions, or sections is Chapter 51A.

- (b) Section 51A-2.101, "Interpretations," applies to this article.
- (c) The following rules apply in interpreting the use regulations in this article:
- (1) The absence of a symbol appearing after a listed use means that the use is permitted by right.
- (2) The symbol fLf appearing after a listed use means that the use is permitted by right as a limited use only. (For more information regarding limited uses, see Section 51A-4.218, "Limited Uses.")
- (3) The symbol [SUP] appearing after a listed use means that the use is permitted by specific use permit only. ["SUP" means "specific use permit." For more information regarding specific use permits, see Section 51A-4.219, "Specific Use Permit (SUP)."]
- (4) The symbol [DIR] appearing after a listed use means that a site plan must be submitted and approved in accordance with the enquirements of Section 51A-4.803, "Site Plan Review," ("DIR" means "development impact review." For more information regarding development impact review generally, see Division 51A-4.800, "Development Impact Review.")
- (5) The symbol fRARJ appearing after a fisted use means that, if the use has a residential adjacency as defined in Section 51A-4.803, "Site Plan Review," a site plan must be submitted and approved in accordance with the requirements of that section. ("RAR" means "residential adjacency review." For more information regarding residential adjacency review generally, see Division 51A-4.800, "Development Impact Review.")
- (d) If there is a conflict, the text of this article controls over any charts, exhibits, graphic displays, or maps. (Ord. 25898)

### SEC. \$1P-714.106.

#### CONCEPTUAL PLAN.

- (a) There is no conceptual plan for this district.
- (b) The Fort Worth Avenue Corridor Land Use and Urban Design Study should be consulted for goals, objectives, policy statements, and recommendations for development of this district. (Ord. 23898)

#### SEC. 51P-714.107.

#### DEVELOPMENT PLAN.

No development plan is required, and the provisions of Section 51A-4.702 regarding submission of or amendments to a development plan, site analysis plan, conceptual plan, development schedule, and landscape plan do not apply. (Ord. 25898)

#### SEC, 51P-714,108,

# USE REGULATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS IN SUBDISTRICT NO. 1.

(a) Uses. The following listed uses are the only main uses permitted in this subdistrict:

# (1) Agricultural uses.

Crop production.

# (2) Commercial and business service uses.

- Building repair or maintenance shop.
- Catering service.
- Custom business services.
- Custom woodworking, furniture construction, or repair.
- Electronics service conter.
- Job or lithographic printing.
- Machine or welding shop.
- Medical or scientific laboratory.
- Tool or equipment rental. [Limited to 3,500 square feet.]
- Vehicle or engine repair or maintenance. [SUP]

# (3) Industrial uses.

- Industrial (inside) not potentially incompatible. [SUP]
- Industrial (inside) for light manufacturing.
- Temporary concrete or nephalt batching plant. [By special authorization of the building official.]

# (4) Institutional and community service uses.

- Adult day care facility.
- -- Cemetery or massoleum. [SUP]
- Child-care facility.
- -- Church.
- -- College, university, or seminary.
- -- Community service center. [SUP]
- Convalescent and nursing homes, hospice care, and related institutions. (RAR)
- Convent or monastery.
- -- Hospital. /R4R/
- Library, art gallery, or museum.
- Open-enrollment charter school. [SUP]
- -- Private school. [SUP]
- Public school. [SUP]

# (5) Lodging uses.

- Extended stay hotel or motel. [SUP]
- Hotel er motel. [SUP if 60 or fewer guest rooms.]

#### (6) Miscellaneous uses.

Temporary construction or sales office.

#### (7) Offsee uses.

Financial institution without drive-in window.

- Financial institution with drive-in window. [DIR]
- Medical clinic or ambulatory surgical center.
- -- Office.

# (8) Recreation uses.

- -- Country club with private membership.
- -- Private recreation center, club, or area.
- Public park, playground, or golf course.

# (9) Residential uses-

- -- College dormitory, fratemity, or sorority house.
- Multifamily. [Only as a component of a mixed-use project.]
- -- Retirement housing. [R4R]
- Single family. [A minimum of eight single family structures must be attached together with a minimum of 15 feet between each group of eight single family structures.]

# (10) Retail and personal service uses.

- Animal shelter or clinic without outside runs. [R4R]
- Auto service center. [SUP]
- Business school.
- Commercial amusement (inside). [SUP] [Bingo parlor, hillard hall, class E dance hall, and motor track prohibited.]
- Commercial parking lot or garage. /SUP/.
- .. Dry cleaning or laundry store.
- Furniture store.
- General merchandise or food store 3,500 square feet or less.
- General merchandise or food store greater than 3,500 square feet.
- Home improvement center, lumber, brick, or building materials sales yard. ISUP1
- Household equipment and appliance repair.
- Motor vehicle fueling station.
- Nursery, garden shop, or plant sales.
- Personal service uses. [Mussage establishment, piercing salan, and tattoo studio prohibited.]
- Restaurant without drive-in or drive-through service. [RAR]
- Restaurant with drive-in or drive-through service. (DIR)
- -- Temporary retail use.
- Theater.

# (11) Transportation uses.

- Private street or alley. (SUP)
- Transit passenger shelter.
- Transit passenger station or transfer center. [By SUP or city council resolution. See Section 51.4-4.211(10).]

## (12) Utility and public service uses.

-- Electrical substation.

- Local utilities. [Local utilities by right. Communication exchange facility by SUP.]
- Police or fire station.
- -- Post office.
- Utility or government installation other than listed. [SUP]

# (13) Wholesale, distribution, and storage uses.

- -- Office showroom/warehouse.
- Recycling drop-off container. [See Section 51.4-4.213(11.2) ]
- Recycling drop-off for special occasion collection. [See Section 31A-4.213(11.3).]
- -- Trade center. [SUP]
- -- Warehouse.
- Wrecker service. [Prohibited.]

# (b) Accessory uses-

- (1) As a general rule, an accessory use is permitted in any subdistrict in which the main use is permitted. Some specific types of accessory uses, however, due to their unique nature, are subject to additional regulations in Section 51A-4.217, "Accessory Uses." For more information regarding accessory uses, consult Section 51A-4.217.
  - (2) In this subdistrict, the following accessory uses are permitted only by SUP:
    - Accessory belistop.
  - (3) In this subdistrict, the following accessory uses are not permitted:
    - Accessory medical/infectious waste incinerator.
    - Accessory pathological waste incinentor.
    - Amateur communication tower.
    - -- General waste incinerator.
    - -- Private stable.
    - Podestrian skybridges.
- (4) In this subdistrict, the following accessory use is permitted only with a fully sight-obscuring fence or a high screen on any side visible from a street:
  - Accessory outside storage.

# (c) Yard, lot, and space regulations.

(Note: The yard, lot, and space regulations in this subsection must be read together with the yard, lot, and space regulations in Division 51A-4.400, "Yard, Lot, and Space Regulations." In the event of a conflict between this subsection and Division 51A-4.400, this subsection controls.)

# (1) Front yard.

- (A) Minimum front yard is six feet. At least 50 percent of the front facade must be at the minimum front yard setback.
  - (B) Maximum front yard is 15 feet.

(C) An additional 20-foot front yard setback is required for that portion of a structure above 45 feet in height.

# (2) Side and rear yard.

- (A) Except as provided in Subparagraph (B), no minimum side and rear yard.
- (B) An additional side and rear yard setback of one foot for each two feet in height above 45 feet is required for that portion of a structure above 45 feet in height, up to a total setback of 30 feet.

# (3) Density.

- (A) No maximum dwelling unit density.
- (B) Minimum dwelling unit size is 450 square feet.
- (4) Floor area ratio. Maximum floor area ratio (FAR) varies depending on whether the development is a mixed-use project as follows:

[Note: The first column is the base FAR, which applies when there is no mixed-use project. The second column (MUP-2/no res.) is the FAR for a mixed-use project with a mix of two use categories when neither category is residential. The third column (MUP-2/with res.) is the FAR for a mixed-use project with a mix of residential plus one other use category. The fourth column (MUP-3/with res.) is the FAR for a mixed-use project with a mix of residential plus two or more other use categories. A mixed-use project with three use categories must include a residential use.]

Use category	Base (so MUP)	MUP=2 (no res-)	MUF=2 (with res.)	MUP=3 (with res.)
Lodging	1.6	2.5	3.0	3.5
Office	1.6	2.5	3.0	3.5
Residential	1.6	-	3.0	3.5
Retail and				
personal service	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3
Total		2.5	3.0	3.5

#### (5) Height.

- (A) Maximum structure bright in Subdistrict 1A is 145 feet.
  - (B) Maximum structure height in Subdistrict 1B is 40 feet.

#### (6) Lot coverage.

- (A) Maximum lot coverage is 80 percent.
- (B) Aboveground parking structures are included in lot coverage calculations; surface parking lots and underground parking structures are not.
  - (7) Lot size. No minimum lot size.
  - (8) Stories

- (A) Maximum number of stories above grade in Subdistrict 1A is 11.
- (B) Maximum number of stories above grade in Subdistrict 1B is three.
- (C) Parking garages are evempt from this paragraph, but must comply with the height regulations of Paragraph (5).
- (d) <u>Off-street parking and loading</u>. See Section 51P-714.113, "Off-Street Parking and Loading."
  - (e) Environmental performance standards. See Article VI.
- (f) <u>Landscape regulations</u>. Except as modified in Section 51P-714.114, "Landscaping," see Article X. (Ord. 25898)

# SEC. 51P-714.109. USE REGULATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS IN SUBDISTRICT NO. 2.

- (a) Uses. The following listed uses are the only main uses permitted in this subdistrict:
  - (1) Agricultural uses.
    - -- Crop production.
  - (2) Commercial and business service uses.
    - -- Catering service.
    - Custom business services.
    - Custoes woodworking, furniture construction, or repair. [Subdistrict 24 only.]
    - Job or lithographic printing.
  - (3) Industrial uses.
    - Temporary concrete or asphalt batching plant. [By special authorization of the building official.]
  - (4) Institutional and community service uses.
    - Adult day care facility.
    - Cemetery or mausoleum. [SUP]
    - Child-care facility.
    - -- Church.
    - Cellege, university, or seminary.
    - Community service center. [SUP]
    - Convalescent and muning homes, hospice care, and related institutions. (SUP)
    - Convent or monastery. [SUP]
    - Library, art gallery, or museum.
    - Open-errollment charter school. [SUP]